

- Note: (1) All questions are compulsory.
  - (2) Draw neat and labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
  - (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - (4) Answers to the questions in Section-I and Section-II must be written in two separate answer books.
  - (5) Questions from Section-1 attempted in the answer book of Section-II and vice-versa will not be assessed I not be given any credit.
  - (6) Answer to every new question must be started on a new page.

## SECTION - 1 [BOTANY]

Q. 1. Select and write the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives (along with its alphabet number) for each sub-question:

[7]

- (i) The phenotypic ratio of incomplete dominance is
  - (a) 1:1
  - (b) 3:1
  - (c) 1:2:1
  - (d) 9:3:3:1

(ii)	<ul> <li>i) Nucleoside is a nucleot</li> </ul>	ide without
	(a) sugar	
	(b) nitrogen base	
	(c) hydrogen bond	
	(d) phosphate group	•
(iii)	i) Which of the following	is white button mushroom?
	(a) <u>Agaricus</u> <u>bisporus</u>	
	(b) Pleurotus florida	
	(c) <u>Volvariella volvace</u>	<u>a</u>
	(d) <u>Candida species</u>	
(iv)	) Brown rust of wheat is	caused by
	(a) viruses	
	(b) bacteria	
	(c) fungi	
	(d) aphids	Piolis -
<b>(</b> v <b>)</b>	The reaction centre of P	S. II is
	(a) Chl-a, 700	challe
	(b) Chl-a, 680	101000
	(c) Chl-a, 673	AND THE STORY
	(d) Chl-a, 650	
(vi)	) The enzymes required fo	r synthesis of ATP are located on
	•	,
	(a) oxysomes	
	(b) cristae .	
	(c) matrix	
	(d) ribosomes	
(vii)	In a food chain, the herbi	vores are represented by .
	(a) producers	
	(b) primary consumers	
	(c) secondary consumer	rs ·
	(d) decomposers	

Q. 2	. (A)	Ans	swer each question in 'one' sentence only:	(6)	[12
		(i)	What is leaching?		
		(ii)	Define chemoautotrophs.		
		(iii)	Name the cell organelle in which Krebs' cycle occurs.		
		(iy)	What is 'deforestation'?		
		(v)	Give the microbial source of Vit. B <sub>12</sub> .		
		(vi)	What is primary treatment of sewage?		
	(B)	Sket	tch and label a pollen grain of angiosperms.	(2)	
	(C)	Atte	empt any TWO of the following:	(4)	
		(i)	Enlist the basic steps involved in recombinant DNA		
		(ii)	Give 'two' examples of microbial pesticides with their hosts.  Give the significance of respiration.		
		(iy)	Explain energy pyramid.		
Q. 3.	(A)	Atte	mpt any TWO of the following:	(6)	[9]
		(i)_	With the help of a suitable diagram describe the structure of a nucleosome.		
		(ii).	Describe the steps of PCR technique.		
			Describe different steps involved in tissue culture technique.		
		Sketo	ch and label T. S. of a leaf showing Kranz anatomy.	(3)	

Q. 4	. With the help of a neat and labelled diagram describe the development of female gametophyte of angiosperms.	[7]
	OR	
	Explain "the law of independent assortment" with a suitable example.	
	SECTION – II	
	[ZOOLOGY]	
Q. <b>5.</b>	Select and write the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives (along with its alphabet number) for each	[7]
	sub-question:	
	(i)is used for desalination of brackish water.  (a) Reverse osmosis (b) lon-exchange (c) Adsorption (d) Electrodialysis  (ii) Which of the following is mesodermal in origin?  (a) Retina (b) Enamel of teeth (c) Heart (d) Liver	
	(iii) is an exotic breed of cow.  (a) Gir  (b) Sindhi  (c) Sahiwal  (d) Jersy	

(iv)		maintains basic metabolic rate.
	(a)	Thyroxine
	(b)	ADH
	(c)	GH
	(d)	Oxytocin
(v)	Wh	ich of the following is an example of ZW-ZZ type of
	med	chanism of sex determination?
	(a)	Honeybee
	(b)	Fish
	(c)	Bird
	(d)	Human being
(vi)	Tran	sfer of gene between populations that differ genetically
	fron	n one another is called .
	(a)	Gene mutation
	(b)	Gene flow
	(c)	Genetic drift
	(d)	Genetic recombination
(vii)	In t	he given diagram of vaccine manufacturing process
	'A'	
	(a)	antigen
	(b)	antibody
	(c)	antitoxin ·
	(d)	antibiotics
		Inactivate
		A Diluent II Adiusant

Q. 6. (A) Answer the following questions in only 'one' sentence each:	(6)	[ <b>12]</b> )
(i) Longer toes and long prehensile tail indicate which adaptation?		,
(ii) What does 'IUCD' indicate?		
(iii) Name the valve between left atrium and left ventricle and give its significance.		
(iv) Give the use of bovine growth hormone.		
(v) State any 'two' symptoms of Down's syndrome.		
(vi) Mention any 'one' skeletal difference between ape and		
(B) Sketch and label structure of Antibody.	(2)	
(C) Attempt any TWO of the following:  (i) Name the causative organism of 'typhoid' and draw	(4)	
its diagram.		
(ii) State the economic importance of 'lac culture'.		
(iii) 'All organisms produce more young ones'. Comment.		
(iv) Describe 'agranulocytes' with the help of diagrams.		
Q. 7. (A) Attempt any TWO of the following:	(6)	[9]

0 2 8 2

(i)

Define parasitism and give any 'two' types with

(6) [9]

suitable example of each.

- (ii) Describe the structure of chromosome with a suitable diagram.
- (iii) Define 'genomics'. Give any 'two' applications of it.
- (B) Sketch and label Malpighian body. (3)
- Q. 8. Describe the histology of 'human testis'. Write a note on human [7] sperm.

## OR

With the help of a neat and labelled diagram describe the anatomy of 'human eye'. Explain the mechanism of vision.

