TI Subject : HISTORY		
trag se & Subject Code :	FUESDAY,	
and the second s	e Number	Set Number
बलिसिकत उत्तर-मुक्तिक। (ओ) को संख lo , of supplementary answer -bon	a lk(s) used	2
रिकलांग व्यक्ति	र्त्त / नहीं	
	Yes / No	NO
Person with Disabilities : करते स्वरीपिक अध्यान से प्रभावित हो	त्र) संपश्चित वर्ग में	
Person with Disabilities : स्रेशे प्रारीषिक अध्यत से प्रभावित हो (physically challenged, tick the cat	त्र) संपश्चित वर्ग में	🗸 হন বিধান লগাওঁ।
Person with Disabilities : avit प्रारंभिक अधारता से प्रभावित हो [physically challenged, tick the cat B D H B - जुब्दिलेज, D - 100 ज बरिश, H - 2007	तो राज्हित कर्म में begory SC	√ का शिशन लगाएँ। А इ.= ∓ार्ट्स
Person with Disabilities : avit suffice detroit is unified by physically challenged, tick the cat B D H B D H B - glocific, D - Lot is aligned C - Socification, A - adiation B - Spearle, C - Dysexic, A - Adiate	तो राजशित कर्म में begory SC	√ का शिशन लगाएँ। А इ.= ∓ार्ट्स
Person with Disabilities : avf) शारीहिक अध्यान से प्रभावित के Labysically challenged, tick the cat B D H	तो राजशित कर्म में begory SC	√ का शिशन लगाएँ। А इ.= ∓ार्ट्स
Person with Disabilities : avit suffices descent a verifice of physically challenged, dick the cat $\begin{bmatrix} B \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} H \end{bmatrix}$ $B = g^{2}Critic, D = 1/2$, a with the sufficient $C = 3\sqrt{2}$ from $A = 30/2$ from $B = 7$ sufficient $A = 30/2$ from $B = 7$ whether writer provided : $\pi H = g(x,y) = 0$ of $\pi \pi u$ $\pi H = g(x,y) = 0$ of $\pi \pi u$ $\pi H = y(x,y) = 0$ of $\pi \pi u$	तो राजधित कर्म में begory डि ि ि ि रिक रूर से दिकल म peired, H = Physics ा रुगा : डी (मर्म Yes / No re used :)	√ হল বিধান জলাওঁ। a = ∓াকেজ aly Challerged <u>N</u> O NO
Person with Disabilities : avit স্বাহীকি এলেলা বা ৮০০টিট চাঁ posseally challonged, tick the cat B D H B - বৃষ্টিলেন, D - দুল ব মনিং, H - সাবাঁ C - উৎস্ব স্কাৰ, A - আইজিলা B - Vecarly longstood, D - Dearing Imp B - Speare, C - Dysexic, A - Aulistic avit তাঁৱল সিটেক তা'লাল কংগ য	तो शुंदाहोत कर्म में begory डि. ट	لا تجام () کارام تومالاً () A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Person with Disabilities : avit antifities desired a couldat of physically challenged, tick the cat B D HB D $HB -\frac{1}{2} B D HB -\frac{1}{2} B -\frac{1}{2} B -\frac{1}{2} B -\frac{1}{2} B-\frac{1}{2} -\frac{1}{2} B -\frac{1}{2} B -\frac{1}{2} B -\frac{1}{2} BB -\frac{1}{2} B -\frac{1}{2} -\frac{1}{2} B -\frac{1}{2} -$	तो ्हांट्रहोत तमा में begory डि	لا تجام () کارام تومالاً () A A A A A A A A A A A A A

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and and Port - A Aus! They were interested in Stopas Genouse: The Stupes of Sanchi and Amerawati mere enomples of beauty and so, the British desired to preserve them. Eq. Walter Ellion Commissioner of Guister Exemand the sculpture panels of Amiranati Stups and took thematic madras, to adores the measurements and cofficer source of information - The cornings on the Stupe and its pillass and railings, signified Stories and even gave information about events, which helped the Butish reconstruct history the Symbols of an empty chair depicted his (Buddhass) meditation period and the true depited a significant event in his life.

And And a Karwikkal Ammaiyan was a moman Nayanar Frand was a follower of Shairanism. (worship of Shira Eand his manifestations) b) She was significant because: i) She composed various tents of Evidences on the traditions and practises of the Nayanar sect. ii) She was one of the first and emost influencial women to join a sect that was pre-dominated by men, during the Bhalete period. iii) She critiqued the traditions shid down by the Brahmans in their Dharanshastras of Dharansatras (6th contary) and challenged the caste system, mation of pollition and untouchability.

Ausz is The fortification cof East Andia Company in Madras, man manuel Fort of Grearge. (1639). Shiva Features : The entire area of the a) White town & Black town fort and its periphery was divided into two regions. Black towns White towns Those who were engaged Composed of Indian in administration coff populations of artisans, Madrias, the British and enouvers, unile worders, even sich Jandborch Ste. their afficials str. lived hore The fortified areas were built 6) Asachitecture & Cleanliness with Imperial auchitecture to reflect authority and evere meete deamer and open-spaced than black towns.

6 Part - B Section - 1 Anoly. The drainage system held the charlehome of the Haraffor civilisation and had advanced fostures which prosperity and stealth to the city. reatures of Decainage: A) Elaborate Good Lyston The drainage of Harappan cities, were well developed and converted all the city in the form of a grid pattern. This onsured dresinage facilities to evoryone. Main Street Drain Execution at the through Houses sites suggest that foremost a main drain was laid on the street, after which,

N			
		7	
	houses anore elaboratory lined on their sides.		
invention	Doublopment Style & Structure - Ale of the	uch other at.	
uquich	avaste mater	and carried and produce	
pan-		1 fit winks	
elapsed	Once cin a w		
sity in	clean them		
100	House drains & pits - All of the houses is		
2	drains enhich were the main street drain		
therappon	unater and master and passed		
toomen	through a pit, which is	pervoted	
old on	Solids and the rost we		
2	the street drain.	1	
2	~		

1 17 25 41 6 5 17 8 the start in a second start Public both desins The public both a rectangular mater bath, had a huge drain connected to it that collected used mater and disposed at In front of the bath was a building with & both wary that also had Seperate drains tos adection Thus, the chrainage system suggests planning on the part of the Harappans As 5. An 711, Mohd. Qasim captured Sind, after which the nughals captured other deccan and central regions, to produce the Rughal empire. by The empire flowrighed in its populous diversity due to the following reasons:

- The Sharitat law which guided (A) Sharea mot the State have pular the muslim-community was mat rain imposed on the captured stegions allocter to maintain cultural and Lati religious diversity. 1 that - Multime proposed a men category Limmi & Jizzyo collect Zimmi (protected) in which y yor teindus; Buddhists, Zoroothians, Jains etc. who paid a ton called to Jizzya part more protected by the state. land and tax. - They had flerible C) Flemible policies policies and even provided land grants to raligious institutions of tro. various faiths. The malles and chiefs they Appaintment of Nelles appointed belonged to all the

15 various faiths such as Hindus, Rajputs, Indian muslims, Zociastrians, Buddhists etc. so that representation could be given to everyone. Sulp-i- Sul - They propagated this idea cof alsolute e peace for state prosperity and even banned the Tax of pilgrimage and Jizzya as they where oracially discriminant They gave cland grants to Buddhigt Stypas and Indian temples as well as patronage. Interafaiter deliates - Deliates and discussions howen various people delanging to different faiths took place in the Alvadat-Khang to initiate harmony. A. Mar

the state of the - This was allowed which (G) Intertwining of local traditions led to formation of & Universal Islamic features prepentation various sects such as Shias and Summis and others like Aral Isalite merchants in Malalian exen Coast une spake and Malayalam_ discriminant delight well as And Record leaping was of great concern to the Mughal administration for which they undertook mumerious tween measures : to) - The court itself had [Mise - Bakabi & Court record leepers the appointed a carp of remony count record Deepers wha were headerd and controlled by the

12 Mir Baleshi. this jole was the ensurce that all of the corders, land grants, revenue records, policy seconds, decision ate of the long and the maliles were meticulously recorded. Also longun as the library this was graduced in order to store the seconds preachied. The making auditing and editing of the records also took place here. - The modules appointed agents who mould prepare accounts and records. They would mote down the Joing's Farmans (anders), the proceedings of the court with date and time and also the discussions.

It was where all the records regarding Alphbarat le de land grants, revenues, mobiles appointment -policy charter, records of titles, administrative malian holdings etc. was lept. This flowrighed under the seign of Alebor. ry-this These were appointed to carry various to store anders, sacando etc. to other places and The maleine 5 handod them over to the agents ref Die records mobiles elsewhere. This may donie to Onsure seight vectoreds were circulated and right information can be tointer prioduced by officials Jula Dino_ court histories - Crommissioned by the emportor Jeuld queras Alebournama (composed 2: pris by Abul Faill, these Deept the rewised records of the topography, const geography, land tenture, population e_and

7.4 Ste (such as in Ain-i-Apparil) and also helped somaintain succords of alteral - religious and literary beliefs. Aus 7. The Americanate Stuga clocated in Amelbra Prodesh Good a much deferent fate than the Sanchi Stupe in Bhapal because of the following wassons: Late Discovery - In 1796, a local ling stunded upon the rain of the Ameranati Stupa, unbich much later excavated by Colin Macloonzie. On, the other hand, the Atapa at fanchi, although disconcred late by the British, was already lemoun to the people who maintained it.

and the second second Unlike Sameri, where Shojaham Began elhad II No patronage and Sulton Jehan Begun patronized the Stopa and did most allow Bratish intermention; such was not the case with famehi. dera The Europeans were allowed Stupa III Restrictions on British to only to take plastered sculpture Sanchi but mot in panels from Sanchi and mot Amounti the original ones. However, unilled in 1854 Walter Elliot naravati Commissioner of Guntise tode reconster ontire sculpture pamels of the he other although Amocawati Stupa with him to Dition . Madras. 2 page 20 - The speal intervention at Sanchi Local people did mot VI lept the stupa alive and provide maintainance intact for so long. No such

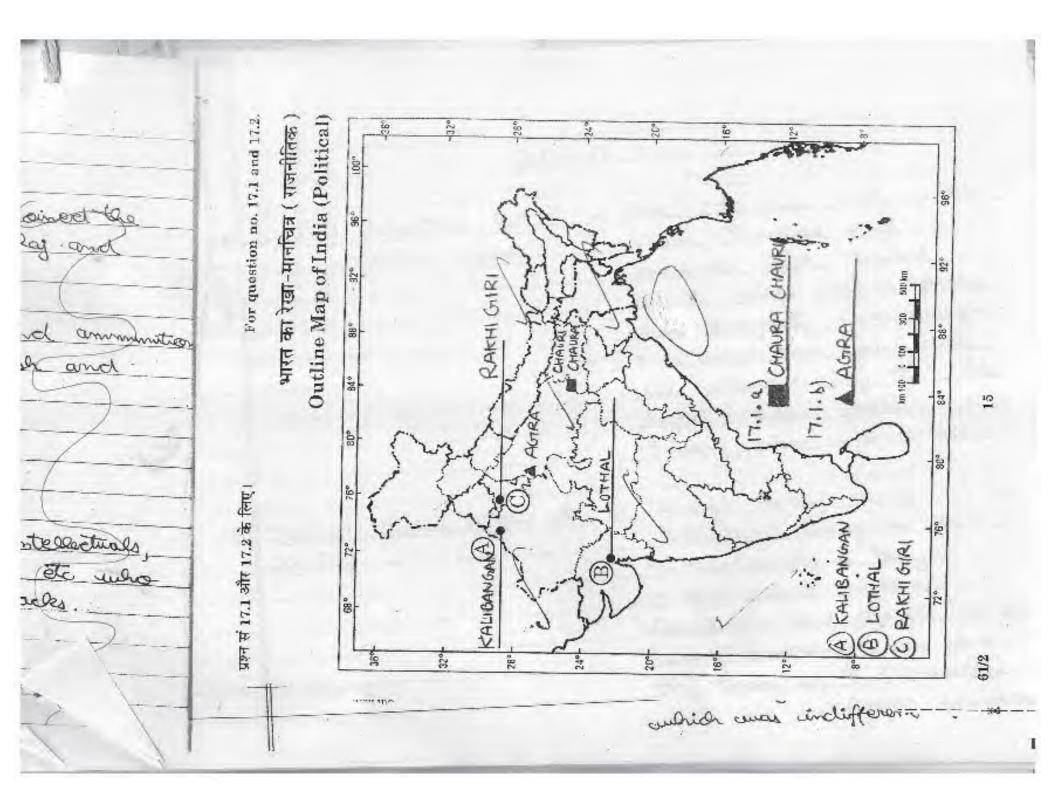
16 conditions more present at the princulate Stips Climate and temperature Americanati is present in the humid and wet part of Southern India Leemend winds causing. stamme emosts some misse have contraded the stincture which was most the [Case in Semi-arich region of Sanchi. JT Royal visits Regular visits to the Sameri Stupa, granting maintainance sights cracking who intervention treation with Europeans protected Sanchi Stupa. However, mo royals protected Amerawate Stupa

i Stuppe. Aug The reliablicous Indians of 1857 realized that in order to win the battle against British badership and coordinates perpent in I Junas a must. Thus, they followed the following types de moto of Andian Leaders. 3. India pausing . I Leaders from before the Remote 12 const the structure as When the miting broke out at Meant, the Reliefs t the made their may to the court of Baladur Shall id stegion. Zafazell and demanded that he cheess the incurrent. by They approached Rani basini Bai of Thonsi, whose son was most accepted as her heir ducte the Decline of Lapse. Cracleing repeans c) They approached Namale Wajid Ali Shah of Awadh 2- uno who territory had been annexed with claims of maladministration.

d) They approached Biegis Oadre, who gave full support and coordination from Lucknow C They approached Nama' Sahib, son of Perhua Bajiraco II, who was denied of his rayal ponsion. - () They even got support and ladership from tuninar Singh who fought from Bihar. II Ordinary people as leadors a There were stories from all around India about people who were protesting and becoming symbols against the Fircingiroray. b) One story way from Lucklmow about a Fokie who had many times be seen victing on walking the streets and would uncourage people to rise against the British.

re fuer c) One story was about various self - proclaimed part-sand bonds, composers ate who were gathering people and mustering support for the fight ahead. esperio Donsign (III) Local Leaders as A mumber of people in various areas such as Andhra-Prodesh North-Gast ste had all viven to violate class and form hastele communities. b) One fuch leader was shah mal, who molilised the villagers in the Pargona Bharant in Uttar Proaded econing and created intense resistance. c) Another was Gronge who was responsible for Imolificing the file tribes in various regions. a colleing 20

20 IV Military leaders a) A munilier of soldiers and sepays joined the resistance and fought the Fixangi Raj and their administration b) These also provided with weaponry and amminition from the Bell of Arms' of the British and happed train the Indiany. I) New Leaders a) These included various people such as intellectuals, Janyers, beaurocristo, orafitsimen, entremisto etc uno -fought the resistance and planned attacks.



23 Section 11 Old literatures such as the a) Old literature but Vedas, Puranas and modern values Sanspritic torto talked about values seich as peace and prosperity Coven though there were gome social enels like untoucholilety otc). This shaped imodern Indian thinking ideas and policies. Through history early b) Helped India retain its literature focuses on the identity. Indian society as being centered around values of Collectivism and strongth. The mener Guropean Sciences againe the theory of Individualism, undrich was indifferent towards

the Indians. Thus, integration ensured collectivism 22 Many enropean sciences manded obb the motion of Good and Groch Notion_a talked about physical creation. Mouver by integration, this Exhibition is impiritained for poriata benefit and gives people a chami to choose their seem beliefs. The old literature talks alian parity of Indian languag d) Importance to language and how it must be maintain Such values are propagated even in the ideals of Indian. constitution that allows every region to follow their ann langerage.

23 With integration scientific developments e) Cutture propagation such as building schools, physical elective sm. theories, motions ato remain unofficited with European stringent measures. es manded Grad and Part - C al creation. tion, this And The panchayate more very important in the Mughal - for recistor societies and played the following scales: apple a chang heliefs. In multi-ethnic Societios, Representation to people a imulti-othnic panchayat ne tolks alique of all ethnicities ing -formulated which ensured In clanguage that the grievances and t be maintain issues al every sect of the to rotadized community will be resolved B Indian with case. allows every their ann)

24 -The ponchayat and disagreements pular solved the dispute that may germin in accordance un land, money, Jaccety, honows, -Arcoporty ste and QUANTER PEORE an hormony amongst the community. The villeage headman or the Mandal proints - Oro Mandal is the head of the panchayat, appointed through Concensus and prusides all panchayat inectings. It is this head that takes ourial decisions fuch as imatocoige, disputes etc and his decision is final & binding.

25-The village revenue records_ D-Helps in preparation Ofare prepared by the amehayoit Mondal and the panchayat village records the disputi along with help from the may gorning Village accountant. we samabrea money The pomchayat onsures the T homoure mantainance of caste - baundaries Ensure caste - barriers (E) y ate and and doesn't allow these upheld peace an to be Incached. They y amongst also ensure that ma monumity unfrounded relationships are made listoren atem ian or the ead of the All marriages conducted in ted through the ullage are supermised Supernices marriage usides all by the mandal which also go. It is onsure people of different castes akes crucial do not marry - episorotam Eg: Panchrayats in Pajasthan a decision is

26 Collect scenerus Gi The panchayate-crallect land reasonie and hand them over to the Mughal estate holders, which gives them to the ling Land revenue collection was a very comperitant task. Jati ponchayats for All the varicous communities cinterests of the Jata called Jatis had their an parnetrayate which ensured that the best interests of the Jata anere being met Their decisions enerce final for all those unlive loplonged to that Jati.

The panchayats (a community Acted as preliminary let Dant of village elders, often Hoem - Buese judges compared to on aligarchy), ate holders, gave decisions which were the cleing uphild day the mughal state tion word a except in cases of oriminal. justice. This the reduced burden ien the state administration s commontes ad their any These more sailes and (J) Propared village laws ch ensured regulations to be upheld by interests of all omenhous ab the faid being whet. village. more final ualice not Jati. Austa -> When the question of power was vaised in the Constituent assembly, Janahar Lal Nebru caid that it was mecessary to make the centre as strong as

28 possible. For this purpose the following measures. mence undertaken by the Constituent assembly: Poromision of Lists - Three lists more prepared ly the constituent assembly that contained subjects which more to be administered by the Ceratric, the State or by both of them collectively. These are. a) flation List -> Subjects such as defence, motional Security etc. b) State List > Subjects such as state administration state affinires etc. Concurrent list -> Subjects that clemanded collective responsibility of the state and union.

Pesponai bilités of "Duty & Care" II) Direct distri bution mero distributed so that matainer burden could be shared by melity ? all administrations. preparectassemblie = A mumber of measure III) Brodweticon of Asticles writecles where produced that Rejects indice protected powers of the ninctered - be tate or by contral government. Eq. Avitale 316 - suggested that electively. the central administration would talle over state administration on the governor's recommendation. national Complex system of Fiscal = A complex system of money division and promition initiation. VT was deniced for the seperation Federalism of powers and suggested: the responsibil

30 a) The Union had right to impose and collect contain tanes. L> Eg: Custom duties b) The State had lawage to impose and collect contain tases. > Eq: Estate duties c) The state and antre were the jointly impose and share certain tanes. L> G. Bricome tax. More your of The imagiority of tan powers had been given to the centre to produce a strong Financial resource mean for the country. Although state pushed for acquiring

rights to astein taxes, it was the centre that Inducation sustained a uniquerity of them. Eg: Tomes of liquor and collect B.R. Ameledbar's recommendation - He suggested the (VI) -formation of a goat. power much which was stronger than timp 3000 and the government formed of the Groverment of Andia Act 1935. He suggested greater state. control. - Han powery_ to the Grapat Jurannie Ayyangar and e a strong Recommendations by VII They manted to prepare a Balkerighma Sharma nee - magging antre as Strong as possibles' Authough to and scenained vigilant. x acquiring ---

No promincial autonomy The measures of provincia autonomy earlier promise to muslim leage away scened At swas suggested that pours will reamoin Where Head scomains' cie the Contral government. Policies to ompower central government - A munker of Jul policies such E 2016 Omerigency meralines, one council conly t be formed ili ungionity at a etc, all ans better contra governmental control.

Farthings (coll !--To be ephered in morely 37555/4 अपना अनुक्रभीक इस उत्तर-पुस्तिका 'अतिरिक्त उत्तर-पुस्तिका 'आं) की भोट्या Ugamaio पर न लिखे Roll Number on this Answer-Book Supplementary Answer-Bookis, No. Automite as trend that ---Where Awal3 During the 6th century B.C.E, a inumber of bringdoms and chiebdoms starited onerging in India. These were 6 in munileer and more required to as the 16 Mahajamapada. They had the following frontures: mlear a All of the 16 mahajamapado Imperial city 4 had a copital city which Such was the centre of all the admining stration. These included One mey to the morder of the varience of ely officials, the courts, the t a contre of unifitary and other ensu basic processes. intral Eq. The capital of Magadh was il. earlier Rajgaha and then attion HEA

These Mahajamapado where Roled In ruled My Drings and same Dancewin as the Sanghas or Geomos were ruled by a promoreful group of people called the Rajas imuch Similar to an oligarchy. These weeks aimportant activities Frade & Commerce and the Mahajamapads carried them cout curiter the help cob both land routes (protection guinen by ormy) and sea router accross the sulcontinent.

This wood chome witch the Expansion & Consolidation - 92 help of workare, signing Samo treaties, land grants our 027 even deception. The armies a could either nonpose ab 2 Callert trained soldiers with elephants た lares and horses, or a cloosely trained peabant army. Activition Reasons for Magadha Succoming the most powerful Mahajonapada in 6th-4th century B.C.E: carried to cop cotoction Agriculture was widespread anded agriculture which ensured food and sustanance for soldiers and the entire population. They used irron tipped ploughs, furrows, irrigational comals etc to increase preschutinity.

The presence of iron mines assured a contineus supply of inon one for unaling tooks, etc. The area of thougadha was surrounded day a forest where elephants could be captured. This stronghtened the coursby and they denired men fighting tactics. and its tubutaries roman. These promided passages for trade and Commerce of commodities like crops, choth, cornamenta, judes etc. and increased ofthe

income. They also provided easy realter of transportation to the many and merchants, which onsured higher productivity. (I) (Individual policies) Many historians also figgest that Magadha flowished because of the venerated policies inf undividuals who ruled the leingdom. Eg: Bhimlicara, Ajatosattu Mahapadma Nanda etc and also Asaka who propagated "Dhamma" and peace. adages odites etc ato

Section - D Analy. 1. a) Bernier condemned the Mughal valers ley marning the Europeans that is they fullcomed the Mughal emodel of administration the entire state would fall into vain by the suggested that following the Mugeral model would turn them into beggard and barcharians, and would condemm the cland to becoming deserted clands, pollicted regions and swampy imarshes. c) This he attempted to condemn the suggest policies that were appressive and mot in the benefit of the fulgerts, that apprended other religious convolunities and disintegrated di the also suggested that it would cause the uprising af batried amongst the Europeans that would make them less

14-24 a) Bermier's accounts juggest that the bottless mughales more condidly officerative, had stringent laws, more barliosians, Suppressed other religious communities etc. b) On the other hand, Ain-i-Alkhari georified the Mughal et the empire and importal power, projected a benign side af te the sulers and showed the nughal administration to be composed of all sets of people that there and would rough evere successful collicted - This the accounts more in direct contrast. 14.3 a) The formains saying "Price hath a fall' suggests this and 15 that a similar thing can be seen with Mughal administration jects An onpire that thrivert under Jallaluddin Alebaris rieign, integrated patronised art good literature, was tolerant at fole inter B Juin after 1707. less

b) Duties inequated included into patricinization of art, oppressing local traditions, no strong command and imperial imeasures, easy belief in Europeans, signing tempting yet destructive. Treaters and mo concern for the imperial subjects which caused empire decline Aug 15.1. a) Grandhiji imitiated the pandi march to break the Salt have according to which Indians could mot produce salt on their own. b) According to Grandliji salt was an indespensible commodity and so not being able to peroduce it and bawing to buy ait at high pieces costs and tanes was distiked by Gandhiji.

\$75521 खन्म अनुप्रत्मे ३ इन सत्तर-पुरिसका अतिरिवत उत्तर-प्राप्त-प्राप्त Please do not write your. Rell Number on this Austrice-burgs. [Supplementary Associated and the aft (a) At gove tranchige moreld wide attention as a Aus 15.2. At was motable for 3 reasons: emotional deader as ut was connered by the (b) Women participated in on Andian motional meneme for the first time on such a barge scale. (4) It showed the Brows that they could not ouce India forever and would be definitely challenge Austra a Growdigi was a propagator of peace and monas he delieved them to be the strongest formers. E This oreason be, throughout the Indian struggle mostar Support as people everence his philosophy.

b) Through his struggle that got anerwhelming support from all sections of the society he proved that where tress things prevail, all wills fail. No. 20 a) Che c) These were universally felt checause they were not bounded in stereotypical shadows or shackles of caste but, were orjayed by all NE Analled as In this story we see how on the one command of their mother, the Poindauas, decided to have a common wife. b) They felt that what their mother said was right and that her command could mot be discleded. just like a teachers, cything, it ghows how mother was considered the highest Game.

ning 16.2. a) Kunte too belleved that it was Decompactive destiny to be with her sons and that mothing could change fate as it comes. yere mot b) Although she realized her inistable later on, her some ickles) had already made a decision and they mouldn't disaliey here command. c) She deliqued. that this union what brody will and minand aren she could do mothing about it. to have d) She believed in the wirdom of Ved Uyasa and did not want to challenge his deliefs, she server, there was nothing grat could be done inour. A vigert alieged . PTO

I I MA - I YAR TARABASE 16.3. a) Seen Uyasa told Drupada that the Pandawas were in reality incornations of Indra whose wife. imas relivour as Droupadi and so they more destried for each other b) the also added an instance of a momen who in her onthusiasm had prayed for a hughand 5 times, instead af one. This warman was moun Decampadi who had churn granted her-with c) Hearing all this Decupada sealised destroy and hard faith in Uyas and a consented to the amorraige.

8.11 5 1 1 Yce 01:5:4014 6 · A 1 . 10 1 4 1 11